

U.S. envoy: no crisis with Israel

TEL AVIV, March 25 (R). — United States Ambassador to Israel Samuel Lewis said here today he was not a party to the feeling of crisis in U.S.-Israeli relations described by some journalists. Speaking to newsmen upon his return from attendance at talks in Washington between President Jimmy Carter and Israeli Prime Minister Menachem Begin, he said: "It was one of the more difficult meetings between the two leaders I have experienced in the year I have been ambassador to Israel. But even after these talks relations between the two countries are still in great shape. 'The talks were frank and quite useful. I do not have the sense of crisis that some of your colleagues appear to have,' he told news-

JORDAN TIMES

An independent Arab political daily published by the Jordan Press Foundation
جوردين تايمز يومية سياسية تصدر بالانجليزية عن المؤسسة الصحفية الاردنية «الراي»

NOTICE TO OUR READERS

Starting today, the Jordan Times will each Sunday be running listings of Monday's Jordan Television and Radio Jordan programmes and emergency telephone numbers in addition to Sunday's listings in the Jordan Times Daily Guide on page five. This is to make up for the gap caused by the fact that the Jordan Times does not appear Mondays.

Volume 3, Number 712

AMMAN, SUNDAY, MARCH 26, 1978 — RABIE AL THANI 16, 1378

Price: Jordan 50 fils; Syria 50 piastres; Lebanon 75 piastres; Saudi Arabia 1 riyal; UAE 1 dirham; Great Britain 25 pence.

Continued clashes as U.N. troops reinforced

BEIRUT, March 25 (R). — About 100 French paratroopers moved into the shell-scarred southern port of Tyre today to join a 140-strong French U.N. contingent which took up positions in the city yesterday. In Beirut, the U.N. military chief in the Middle East, Finnish General Eero Sillanpaa, co-ordinated talks with Lebanese defence Minister Fuad Butros to discuss the deployment of U.N. troops in southern Lebanon which was the Syrian government. His talks coincided with a visit by Wafa, the news agency of the Palestine Liberation Organisation (PLO), which said that negotiations of our men behind the Jordanian lines are escalating. A Palestinian military spokesman said today that the PLO on the Golan Heights had shelled positions in the Golan Heights, Israel's northernmost occupied territory, and in nearby Marjayoun and Sidon, north of Tyre, said today they saw three Syrian trucks carrying wooden crates rolling through on the way south. Wafa listed a number of operations behind Israeli lines, including the destruction of an Israeli armoured personnel carrier on a road between Marjayoun and Sidon.



An Israeli trooper watches Christian pilgrims entering the Church of the Holy Sepulchre in occupied Jerusalem for Easter Week services Saturday morning. (AP wirephoto)

Egypt remains committed to peace dialogue with Israel, says Kamel

CAIRO, March 25 (R). — Egypt declared today, after a top-level strategy session, that it would pursue its drive for peace in the Middle East. Foreign Minister Mohammad Ibrahim Kamel, in a statement prepared by the official Middle East News Agency, said Egypt was prepared in principle to continue peace talks with Israel. But he linked the question of continued talks with Israel's stance on Jewish settlements on Arab land and the interpretations of the United Nations Security Council's guidelines for peace. Mr. Kamel spoke to MENA after a meeting of the National Security Council, Egypt's top policy-making group, which was chaired by President Anwar Sadat. Asked whether Egypt was prepared to continue peace negotiations with Israel, Mr. Kamel said: "I have said that in principle we support the continuation of peace talks. But here we must wait and see the Israeli policy on U.N. Security Council Resolution 242, the settlements question and other issues." MENA also quoted Mr. Kamel as saying that Egypt believed also in principle that it should not slam the door on a just and comprehensive settlement on the principles it has laid down. President Sadat tonight met his closest advisers to consider the future of his bid for Arab-Israeli peace, after a briefing by the U.S. ambassador on Israel's visit to Washington. The Council met to discuss the implications of the abortive Washington talks this week between Mr. Begin and President Carter. A report on these talks had been conveyed to Mr. Sadat by American Ambassador Hermann Eilts, MENA said. Mr. Eilts would not say whether there had been any direct contact between Mr. Sadat and Mr. Carter in the past few days. No plans for shuttle diplomacy But, MENA said, Mr. Eilts did add that he was unaware of any new American proposals to Egypt to help resolve the deadlock. Mr. Eilts also said, according to MENA, that there were no immediate plans for U.S. Secretary of State Cyrus Vance or for Middle East roving Ambassador Alfred Atherton to visit the area. The National Security Council meeting was attended by Vice-President Hosni Mubarak, the speaker of parliament, the prime minister, the war, foreign and interior ministers and the chief of the intelligence services. The semi-official newspaper Al-Ahram said the Council's agenda included Middle East developments in the light of messages exchanged with world leaders, a report by Mr. Kamel on the outcome of the talks between Mr. Carter and Mr. Begin and a report from the Egyptian ambassador in Washington on these talks. It said the Council would discuss south Lebanon, the Arab situation and the Palestinian problem. Summit possible In an interview with the weekly Egyptian magazine October, President Sadat was quoted as saying Egypt would not be opposed to the holding of an Arab summit to discuss southern Lebanon. But he questioned whether a meeting would be worthwhile unless it had clear-cut objectives and a comprehensive policy. President Sadat wondered also if hardline Arab states such as Algeria, Syria and Iraq as well as the Palestine Liberation Organisation would be prepared to change their attitude to peace talks with Israel.

Begin stays quiet in face of demands for change in policies

TEL AVIV, March 25 (R). — Israel's Prime Minister Menachem Begin today faced widespread calls for a change in his government's policies to end the confrontation with the United States over Middle East settlement terms. A growing number of Israelis saw his rigid line on Israeli settlements in occupied Arab land and continued hold on conquered territory as the cause for possibly the worst crisis in American-Israeli relations.

Mr. Begin said on his return from Washington yesterday after tough talks with President Carter that his peace proposals still constituted a basis for negotiations and defended his refusal to yield to U.S. pressure to withdraw from the occupied West Bank and Gaza. Mr. Begin said on his return from Washington yesterday after tough talks with President Carter that his peace proposals still constituted a basis for negotiations and defended his refusal to yield to U.S. pressure to withdraw from the occupied West Bank and Gaza. Mr. Begin said on his return from Washington yesterday after tough talks with President Carter that his peace proposals still constituted a basis for negotiations and defended his refusal to yield to U.S. pressure to withdraw from the occupied West Bank and Gaza.

Public unease was matched within Mr. Begin's coalition government by stirrings of revolt. Several leading members of the Democratic Movement of Change called on their party to withdraw from the rightwing Likud-dominated government because they said it could not moderate Mr. Begin's policies. Defence Minister Ezer Weizman called for a "national peace government" to link the opposition Labour Party in a coalition to negotiate a Middle East settlement. The leader of the Labour Party, Shimon Peres rejected any participation in a government of national unity led by Mr. Begin's Likud bloc. He said he planned to call on the Prime Minister to resign because of his failure in Washington. Mr. Peres and his Labour Party colleagues, thrown out of office last May, studied the political omens carefully.

Israel-U.S. crisis a sham, claim Soviets

MOSCOW, March 25 (AP). — Tass asserted yesterday that despite ostensible differences, the United States and Israel were still fundamentally in agreement over plans "directed at legalising the Israeli occupation of Arab territories." The Soviet news agency's comment came in a dispatch reporting on the just-completed Washington talks between U.S. President Jimmy Carter and Israeli Prime Minister Menachem Begin. "The U.S. mass media are trying hard to convey the idea that 'serious differences' had surfaced in the course of Begin's talks with President Carter and that American-Israeli relations are supposedly living through an 'unprecedented crisis'," Tass said. It noted that "concealed behind this is official Washington's obvious desire, at least ostensibly, to disassociate itself from Tel Aviv's glaring rigid and aggressive stand." "But it is well known that precisely unconditional support by the United States for the expansionist ambitions of the Israeli leaders has given Israel the possibility to take such a stand and ignore the lawful rights of the Arab peoples," Tass contended. The Soviet news agency noted that rumours had appeared in the U.S. press regarding a possible move to replace Begin as prime minister with Ezer Weizman, currently serving as defence minister. The change reportedly would be aimed at giving Israel greater flexibility in working out overall Middle East policy. However, Tass said Begin and Weizman differed only on tactics, not basic goals.

Wounded suspect questioned in search for millionaire

BRIS, March 25 (Agencies). — British police today interrogated a wounded gangster on the whereabouts of kidnapped Belin magnate, following a gun battle which flared when the man was taken out of a ransom. Three gangsters fled, heading first for the hideout where kidnapped Baron Edmond de Belin is held, but a fourth was shot dead and one other wounded and captured in a shooting last night. The 40-year-old, now held in his home Jan. 23, is now held by panicky abductors they had been sent to on the gun. Police commissioner Pierre Caillou said the suspect, Al-Caillou, admitted taking part in the frustrated attempt to pick up an \$8.6 million ransom that erupted in a shootout Friday night. The gun battle began after an employee of Baron Edmond kept an appointment on the motorway to hand over the ransom money. Police said the gangsters opened fire with automatic weapons when they realised they had been followed. Two members of France's crack anti-gang police squad were wounded. Baron Edmond heads the powerful Schneider group of companies and has major interests in nuclear power, steel, heavy engineering and high finance. Police have discounted political motives for his kidnap and say it was conducted by a highly organised criminal gang.

Black summit will be crucial for Rhodesia

ES SALAAM, March 25 — Black African presidents gathered here today with British leaders for a two-day summit likely to have a vital bearing on the future of Rhodesia. The summit meeting, which will discuss the internal settlement between Rhodesian Prime Minister Ian Smith and three moderate black leaders to take the Rhodesian British colony to a majority rule. The black African "frontline states" — Tanzania, Zambia, Mozambique, Angola and Botswana — have been backing the patriotic front, a guerrilla alliance fighting a bush war for the last six years to white rule in Salisbury. The patriotic front has opposed the settlement and its leaders, Mr. Robert Mugabe and Joshua Nkomo, have pleaded to carry on the war. Mr. Andrew Young, American United Nations envoy, arrived here today from London.

Arafat: Israeli attack six years in planning

BUDAPEST, March 25 (R). — Palestinian leader Yasser Arafat said in a television interview tonight Israel had been planning to occupy southern Lebanon for the last six years. Interviewed by Hungarian television in Beirut, the head of the Palestine Liberation Organisation (PLO) said the Israelis had intended to overrun southern Lebanon up to the river Litani ever since 1972, when they staged a major assault on Palestinian strongholds in Lebanon. Mr. Arafat cited American leaders, "especially former U.S. Secretary of State Henry Kissinger," as the source of his information. Mr. Arafat said between 600 and 700 Israeli soldiers were killed or wounded during the latest campaign, in which more than 1,000 people have died and an estimated 265,000 have been driven from their homes. The PLO leader said that five Israeli planes had been shot down and more than 100 military vehicles destroyed. He accused the United States of virtually giving its blessing to the Israeli raids and dismissed differences between Israeli Premier Menachem Begin and President Carter in Washington. "Without political, economic and military support by the United States, Israel would never be able to pursue its policy of aggression," Mr. Arafat declared.

King will have talks with Shah

TEHRAN, Iran (AP). — King Hussein, who arrived here yesterday, is visiting the Shah of Iran in the Gulf island of Kish, where the royal family is on a short holiday, informed sources said. They said the two leaders would spend some time reviewing the latest developments in the Middle East.

Brazil's new Jerusalem gives Easter a rare dramatic angle

Thousands of Christians will spend Easter in a new Jerusalem, one-third the size of the original, which has been built in Brazil for the most spectacular reconstruction of Christ's passion and crucifixion to be seen anywhere. The idea at Nova Jerusalem is to turn the huge audience into a wandering crowd involved in the action of the play. They follow the actors and actresses from stage to stage until the last of the sixty scenes, when the crowd wanders up the side of Calvary behind Christ dragging his cross, to watch him being crucified. Behind all this are the solid buildings of Jerusalem and the dusty, dry landscape of Pernambuco, reminiscent of a Middle East landscape. The vast majority of the performers are drawn from the ordinary villagers, only a handful of professionals are brought in to play the key roles. The crucifixion is staged as realistically as possible and poses a great strain on the actor playing Christ, who must train hard before his appearance to endure the role over five separate performances. Nova Jerusalem itself is a monument to the old values of devotion through hard work. The granite walls and buildings took years to complete because the villagers determined to make the building of Nova Jerusalem a labour of love. Throughout the 1960's the theatre rose slowly from the ground as the blocks of granite were hewn from local quarries and brought to the site for meticulous construction. The idea was to build a new Jerusalem that would last as long, if not longer, than the original one. Thousands of tourists visit the site all year round. But for Easter week the granite monument to devotion is transformed into a carnival centre in true South American style. Inside the walls of the theatre-city, the audience watches the play beneath a spectacular display of ultra-modern lighting techniques. And the actors' words, together with a suitable accompanying soundtrack, are broadcast through a network of hundreds of microphones and loudspeakers. The advertising promises that "it is even possible to hear the actor's breath." The spectacular sound and light effects make Christ's passion and death an unforgettable and fantastic show. Outside the wall the natural exuberance of thousands of Brazilians creates a carnival atmosphere, with stalls selling every conceivable souvenir as well as necessities for the many campers. Over 90 per cent of Brazil's 104 million people are Roman Catholic and a pilgrimage to Nova Jerusalem is becoming as important to them as the pilgrimage to the Holy Land for Christians of the old world.

World News Roundup...

Earthquake near Alma Ata, USSR

MOSCOW, March 25 (AP). — An earthquake shook areas of the Soviet Union today. The Tass news agency reported property damage but no human casualties. Homes, barns and other property were damaged in areas near the centre of the quake in Kazakhstan about 144 kms. southeast of Alma Ata. The news agency said late this afternoon. The shocks measured between 7.1 and 7.8 on the Soviet 12-point Medvedev earthquake scale. The quake occurred at 11:00 a.m. this morning (Moscow time) (21:06 ET Friday).

Arab nations to discuss scientific independence

AMMAN, March 25 (R). — Representatives of Arab countries will meet in Tripoli next month to discuss ways of making their nations independent of foreign scientific expertise in the oil industry, the Pan Arab News Agency (PANA) reported yesterday. The panel committee for the system of integration among Arab oil countries will also discuss a general plan for research work, agency added.

Chad peace talks make "excellent" progress

AMMAN, March 25 (R). — Four-nation talks aimed at ending a year-long war in Chad are making excellent progress. Libyan Foreign Secretary Ali Abdel Salam Turek was quoted as saying today. Leaders of Frontline (National Liberation Front) rebels, who claim to control half of Chad, are taking part in the talks with the Chad government, the Libyan Jamahiriya, Sudan and Niger, the Libyan news agency JANA reported. The four countries agreed to the meeting during a summit of their leaders last month.

Mondale cancels trip because of Panama issue

WASHINGTON, March 25 (AP). — U.S. Vice President Walter F. Mondale postponed his trip to the South Pacific because of pending Senate action on the Panama Canal issue. It was announced today. Maxine Burns, Mr. Mondale's deputy press secretary, said the vice president changed his plans because of the possibility the Senate will vote soon on the second of the two Panama Canal treaties.

Cuban minister leaves Iraq

BAGHDAD, March 25 (R). — Cuban Foreign Minister Senior Isidoro Malmeria Paoz left here today after a three-day visit to Iraq, the Iraqi news agency reported. "During his visit, the Cuban minister called on the Vice Chairman of the Revolutionary Command Council Mr. Saddam Hussein and had talks with Dr. Sa'dun Hammadi," the agency added.

JORDAN TIMES

Editor: RAMI G. KHOURI
Managing Editor: JENAB TUTUNJI
Deputy Managing Editor: BASSAM BISHUTI
Editorial Staff: ALAN MARTINY

Board of Directors:
JUMA'A HAMAD
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MAHMOUD AL KAYED

Responsible Editor: MOHAMAD AMAD

Editorial and advertising offices:

Jordan Press Foundation
University Road, P.O. Box 6710, Amman, Jordan
Telephones: 67171-2-3-4

Tlx: 1497 Al Rai JO, Cables: JORTIMES, Amman Jordan

The Jordan Times is published daily except Mondays. Advertising and subscription rates are available from the Jordan Times advertising dept.

Contradictions of Zionism

The element of time has played a central role in the thinking of the two key players in the Middle East -- the Palestinians and the Israelis. Stalling for time, while usually a tactical ploy in the game-plans of most people, is fundamental strategic thinking in the case of Israel. And on the Palestinian side, the conviction has been passed on from generation to generation that a struggle in the name of a just and honourable cause will be vindicated in time.

The Israelis have always assumed the Palestinians would simply go away with time. But they haven't. The Israelis have also always assumed that they would always have full American support for their policies, but this week shows that they will not. The Israelis have further assumed that more conquered Arab territory will mean more security, but the past ten years of occupation have also proved this thesis absurdly wrong.

These premises -- boldly proved false again these past two weeks -- are based on the fundamental flaw in Zionism -- the belief that Israel can exist as an exclusive Jewish state in Palestine, and that the Palestinians will simply fade away into history. Israel's Prime Minister Menachem Begin had this flaw pointed out to him in no uncertain terms in Washington this week. All of Israel will ponder this point now, under the guise of a domestic political reconsideration. What we are witnessing, however, is nothing less than an open re-examination of the principles of political Zionism and Jewish nationalism, whose inverse side is the historic denial of Palestinian nationalism. In this light, the Israeli invasion of southern Lebanon must be seen as the culmination of the continued failure of Zionism to bring the Jewish people the peaceful home they say they seek.

The Israelis may be on the verge of an important process, long overdue, by which they debate the territorial boundaries and the political realities of their Zionist ideology. It is not only Mr. Begin who is in trouble this week. It is the flawed mythology of Zionist chauvinism that denies Palestinian rights.

Stalling for time and invading south Lebanon, as Israel now learns, will not make the Palestinians disappear. It will only provide more time for the contradictions of Zionism to explode.

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Notice No. 23/78

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National News Roundup

Arab tourism conference opens at Intercontinental Monday

AMMAN, March 25 (JNA). — Arab ministers of tourism and heads of tourism organisations in Arab countries will begin a conference under royal patronage at the Jordan Intercontinental Hotel here on Monday. The agenda for the two-day meeting includes the presentation of a study on tourism in Arab countries and the potential to develop this into a productive sector in each country and working out a comprehensive joint Arab tourism plan. Delegations representing 15 Arab countries headed by ministers of tourism and official tourism corporations will take part. Other participants will be the Arab League, the Arab Tourism Union, the Union of Arab Tourism Offices, the Arab Hotels Union and Arab Air Transport Union. Delegations began arriving in Amman Friday.

Development evaluation experts from 14 Arab countries meet here

AMMAN, March 25 (JNA). — Secretary General of the National Planning Council Dr. Taysir Abdul Jaber today gave a lecture to participants in a programme for evaluating public development projects which is being organised by the National Planning Council in cooperation with the Kuwaiti Arab Institute for Planning, and the Economic Development Institute of the International Bank for Reconstruction and Development. Some 24 officials involved in the evaluation of economic and social development projects from 14 Arab countries, including Jordan, are taking part in this programme. The programme was opened at the Kuwaiti Arab Institute for Planning last February. During their stay in Jordan -- until April 4 -- the participants will carry out field studies on the economic, financial and social feasibility of a number of industrial and agricultural projects in Jordan. The Industrial Development Bank, the Agriculture Credit Corporation, the Cooperatives Organisation, the Ministry of Agriculture and the Jordan River Authority are taking part in the programme.

S'heimat represents Jordan at Arab transport ministers conference

TATF, March 25 (JNA). — Arab transport ministers started their conference here today to discuss the accomplishments of the Arab Maritime Transport Academy, its projects and future plans. Jordan is represented in the conference by Minister of Transport Ali S'heimat.

Gogol play performed in Irbid

IRBID, March 25 (JNA). — The Department of Culture and Arts theatrical troupe Saturday evening performed Gogol's 'The Government Inspector' at the Industrial School in cooperation with the Irbid girls and boys youth clubs.

WHAT'S GOING ON

Spring Exhibition

Opening Monday at 5:00 p.m., run for five days. The exhibition is on display at the Palace of Culture, Hussein Youth City.

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Donations for Lebanese refugees accepted

AMMAN, March 25 (JNA). — The general union of welfare associations today called on citizens to contribute food and clothes for the refugees in Lebanon displaced by the Israeli aggression. The union announced that it will accept donations at its headquarters in all the governorates for the coming seven days starting Sunday.

Work gets under way on regional development for Irbid

AMMAN, March 25 (JNA). — Work is underway to implement the Irbid regional development project in accordance with the instructions of His Highness Crown Prince Hassan and with the recommendations of the Irbid Governorate municipalities symposium held last September, Minister of Municipal and Rural Affairs Ibrahim Ayoub said today. He said a Japanese team is now visiting Jordan to carry out prospective studies for "this vital project prior to the formation of a special committee on the subject." This came in a speech by the minister when he opened the symposium for the Ajloun and Jarash municipalities which began in the Anjarah town hall today. Mr. Ayoub said that the municipalities share of petrol tax will be more than JD 5 millions. After a speech by the Governor of Irbid, Mr. Mamoun Khalil, the symposium debated two working papers presented by the Ajloun and Jarash district governors. Also debated was a working paper presented by the Ministry of Municipal and Rural Affairs on town planning.

Ramtha, Mafrq municipal symposium begins Wednesday

IRBID, March 25 (JNA). — A symposium on the promotion of municipal services in the districts of Ramtha and Mafrq is scheduled to open at Mafrq Municipality on Wednesday. The two municipalities have prepared working papers that tackle financial, organisational and administrative development as well as promoting services in the two towns.

12-month course for social affairs directors starts

AMMAN, March 25 (JNA). — Minister of Labour Issam Ajlouni today inaugurated a 12-month course for directors of social affairs departments, organised by the Jordanian Social Services Institute. Some 35 departmental directors from all parts of Jordan will take part.

Mameluke pottery will be exhibited at Smithsonian

AMMAN, March 25 (JNA). — The Department of Antiquities is preparing a collection of antique pottery going back to the Mameluke era to form part of the fine arts exhibition of the Smithsonian Institute in Washington. Director General of the Department Dr. Adnan Al Hadidi said exhibiting this collection forms part of a cultural exchange programme between the Smithsonian Institute and the Department of Antiquities.

Economic and Business News

World Bank approves \$14 million loan to Amman municipality

AMMAN, March 25 (JNA). — The World Bank has approved a loan of \$14 million to Amman Municipality for the completion of the capital's water and sewerage project, sources at the municipality said today.

New industries licensed

AMMAN, March 25 (JNA). — The planning committee at the Ministry of Industry and Commerce today granted licenses for a number of new industries whose total capital amounts to JD 1,273,000. Under-secretary of the ministry Hashem Dabbas who is chairman of the com-

mittee said that the new industries will manufacture plastic bags, nylon rolls, sweets, paper rolls, school copy-books, locks, water taps, car and truck bodies.

Local firm lands JD 1.8 million contract for Shmeisani overpass

AMMAN, March 25 (JNA). — A JD 1.77 million agreement for the construction of a flyover and tunnel at the crossroads joining Shmeisani, Jabal Amman and Jabal Luweibdeh was signed at Amman municipality today. Under the agreement a 400-foot tunnel with two lanes in each direction will be built, in addition to a 30-metre long overpass. The agreement was signed by Mayor Ma'n Abu Nuwwar and by the director general of a local firm which was awarded the tender.



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Pakistani universities team sees bright future for educational cooperation with Jordan

By Naimah Baig
Special to the Jordan Times

AMMAN, March 25. — A delegation of vice-chancellors of Pakistani universities, currently in an official visit to Jordan, arrived here on March 21 on a one-week goodwill mission. The visit follows an invitation issued by the President of the Jordan University, Dr. Isma'il Farhan, to leader of the present delegation Dr. M. A. Kazi, Under-Secretary of the Ministry of Education and Chairman of the University Grants Commission. The delegation consists of 6 members who are all vice-chancellors of different universities in Pakistan. Five of the members of the delegation are leading scientists of Pakistan. The aim of this visit is "to visit the University of Jordan and the universities of Pakistan and, together, to establish links between each other and improve the existing goodwill," Dr. Kazi told the Jordan Times in an interview. The day following their arrival here, members of the delegation toured the University of Jordan, visited and met with the Minister of Education Dr. Adnan Ali Dr. Farhan briefed his Pakistani guests on the university's present activities and its future

programmes highlighting plans to expand the university's faculties.

The minister of education briefed the delegates on various aspects of Jordan's education policy and the plans to extend educational facilities to far-flung areas.

During their stay here the members of the delegation, who are particularly interested in science education, plan to visit the Polytechnic Institute and the Royal Scientific Society.

Today the delegation visited Yarmouk University and met with its president, Dr. Adnan Badran. After a tour of the university Dr. Kazi said in a statement that discussions with Dr. Badran had centred on prospects of future cooperation between Yarmouk University and Pakistani universities. Afterwards the Pakistani guests visited archaeological sites in the towns of Jarash and Ajloun.

Both sides are satisfied and feel they have achieved quite a lot already. Soon the two countries are going to boost the exchange of students and teachers.

At the moment there are about 1,000 Jordanian students in Pakistan mainly studying medicine, engineering and sciences particularly geology, physics and chemistry. Very few of them study humanities.

There are 15 universities in Pakistan altogether. The members of this delegation are vice-chancellors of those universities that have a relatively greater number of Jordanian students.

Why are there so many Jordanian students in Pakistan? According to Dr. Kazi "because the two countries have very good relations with each other. Therefore the rules for admission for the Jordanian students are not very strict. Secondly the medium of teaching is in English therefore the students usually do not have to spend one extra year to study Urdu."

Tremendous goodwill

"Both sides feel wiser" after the discussions Dr. Kazi said. "We have lots of things in common between our systems."

"There is tremendous goodwill between the two countries" remarked Dr. Khairat Ibne-Rasa, Vice-Chancellor of Punjab University, in Lahore. The universities of the two countries plan to hold joint seminars and conferences in the future and to cooperate in scientific research.

They have already agreed to exchange literature published by the universities, especially scientific journals. They also considered the po-

ssibilities of helping Pakistan to help promote the spread of the Arabic language there. Arabic is now being introduced in schools and other educational institutions in Pakistan.

Dr. Kazi and Dr. Ibne-Rasa confided to the Jordan Times that they were "greatly impressed at the tremendous advance that University of Jordan has made in such a short time. The university has very well qualified teachers and well-equipped laboratories". The university is already able to provide M. A. degrees and in the near future they will provide Ph.D. degrees as well. "Education has a good future in Jordan," Dr. Ibne-Rasa said.

Besides touring the universities and the scientific institutions they also did some sight-seeing.

On Friday the delegation flew south to Aqaba. They were accompanied by Crown Prince Hassan and the Pakistani Ambassador Mr. Shahrayar Khan. They will also visit the Nabatean rose red city of Petra, and meet the minister of tourism and antiquities.

"Both sides feel they have gained a lot from each other," Dr. Kazi said, "and in their talks they have covered a lot of ground." The delegation will leave for home on March 29.

Coming & Going...

Upper House team leaves for Lisbon

AMMAN, March 25 (JNA). — Speaker of the Upper House Bahjat Talhouni, accompanied by four members of the upper house and the secretary general of the Jordanian parliament, left Amman today for Lisbon on an official ten-day visit to Portugal. Mr. Talhouni will be attending a session of the council of the World Parliamentary Union later this month. The Middle East crisis and the granting self-determination to the Palestinian people are on the agenda of the council.

Minister of public works off to Cairo soon

AMMAN, March 25 (JNA). — Minister of Public Works Said Bimo will lead Jordan's delegation to the regional conference of the International Roads Union which is to start in Cairo on April 9, sources at the ministry said today. The conference is being held in cooperation with the Egyptian Ministry of Transport and the Roads Association of Cairo. During the six-day meeting, the participants will discuss inter-Arab cooperation as well as cooperation with foreign countries in road construction and transport.

People and Places

Public recognition of Alia

As you entered the Annual Airlines Ball at the Intercontinental Hotel last week you could hardly escape the presence of the national airline, Alia. There on the table by the entrance was a massive model of an Alia aircraft and tastefully laid out a lot of the now famous "red books".

Inside the ballroom itself the columns between the tables were well plastered with Alia's own travel posters and there, on one of the largest tables in the room, were Alia's own representatives presided over by a Vice President.

After the typically luxurious spread of a buffet laid out on the hotel, and as the happy crowd really swung into the party spirit, British Airways, Alitalia and Lufthansa were fettered by the merry diners as the prizes they had donated to the tombola were won. After the last ticket had been drawn a large section of the gathering gave public recognition to Alia's non-participation in the event (not even a plastic ball pen or an airline tie) by chanting "where is Alia. No Alia?" which may have embarrassed the Alia table but only added to the merry mood of everyone else.

Keeping tractors running

Recently arrived from Cairo

where he has developed an agricultural training programme is David L. Christner, President of Hefly International, an American tractor firm. Mr. Christner is visiting Amman at the invitation of Mr. Abdulghani Abukurah, President of Sigma-Consulting Engineers, to see if the programme would be suitable for Jordan.

The programme, designed to train local farmers tractor maintenance and repair, crop management and modern farming techniques, got started in Egypt when Mr. Christner's firm found a poor market in developing countries for tractors due to insufficient training in modern farming methods.

Mr. Christner's idea was to set up service centres in agricultural areas where the local farmers can receive a comprehensive audio-visual training course centred around a new modular tractor designed specifically for the developing world. Mr. Christner is in the process of setting up 13 such centres in Egypt.

Mr. Christner will be leaving for Saudi Arabia on Tuesday following a Monday visit to the Jordan Valley.

28 years old

Celebrating the 28th anniversary of the founding of Pakistan in grand style last Thursday, the recently arrived Pakistani Ambassador, Mr. Shahrayar Mohammad Khan, entertained a houseful of guests to a reception in his hilltop residence overlooking the Sports City.

By John Bonar

Greeks seek Arab sales

The Greeks are after the Arab markets and spearheading a new marketing drive is Mrs Olga Nikolaidou, an elegant Greek lady who mastered Arabic during a childhood in the Sudan.

Mrs. Nikolaidou is representing a number of Greek manufacturers anxious to start exporting their products to the Arab World.

She is seeking agents for just about everything from tractors and building materials to pharmaceuticals and wines and can be found amidst a mountain of samples in the Ambassador Hotel.

She is leaving Amman Tuesday for Kuwait and Tehran continuing her first marketing tour of the Arab world.

New taste at Blowup

A new management at the Blowup restaurant nightclub at the Wadi Seer Crossroads took over last week and the first move of the owner, Bissam Nawairan, was to introduce a new Lebanese chef who formerly produced culinary delights for the guests of the famous St. Georges Hotel in Beirut.

An expert in both oriental and French cooking he has brought a new taste to the menu while a reduction in bar prices would seem to guarantee the continuing success of this popular family nightspot.

Luxurious Furniture Made in Germany

bedrooms sitting rooms children's rooms swings moquette tiles

coffee tables

FAROUC TRADING STORES

Zarqa, King Hussein Street, Tel. 82894

Amman Stock Exchange Report

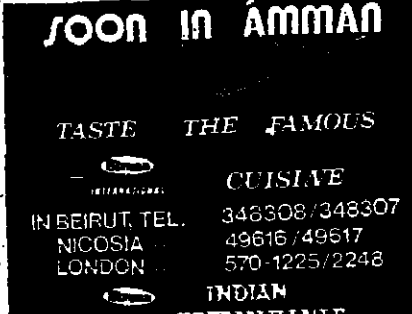
NAME OF COMPANY	PAR value	Volume traded in JD	Opening price	Highest selling price	Lowest selling price	Closing price	Last buying bid	Last selling offer
* Jordan - Gulf Bank	JD 1,000	275	1.050	1.050	1.050	1.050	1.000	1.050
* Jordan - Kuwait Bank	JD 1,000	525	1.550	1.550	1.550	1.550	1.500	1.600
* Arab Potash Co.	JD 5,000	1,000	—	5.000	5.000	5.000	—	—
General Mining Co.	JD 1,000	85	0.900	0.850	0.850	0.850	—	—
Jordan Electricity Co.	JD 1,000	260	1.250	1.300	1.300	1.300	1.250	1.300
Jordan Cement Factories	JD 10,000	1,345	15.650	15.650	15.650	15.650	15.650	—
* Jordan Glass Factories	JD 1,000	325	0.900	0.900	0.900	0.900	—	0.900
Paper and Cardboard Factories	JD 1,000	5,550	1.050	1.000	1.000	1.000	—	—
Jordan Petroleum Co.	JD 5,000	2,104	6.500	6.500	6.500	6.500	—	6.500

Total volume traded, Saturday, March 25: JD 11,469

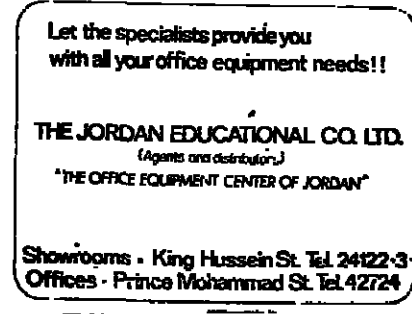
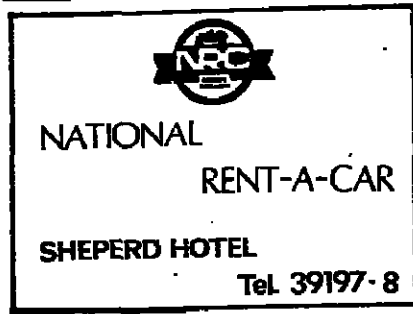
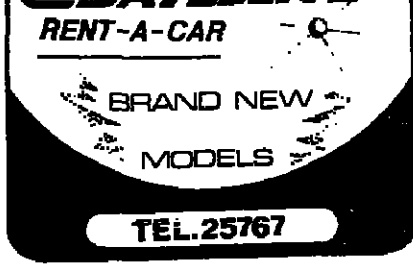
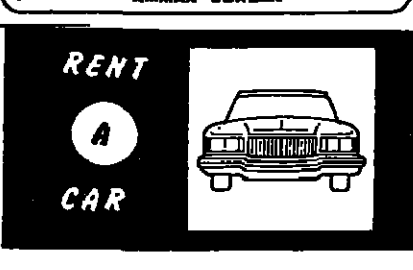
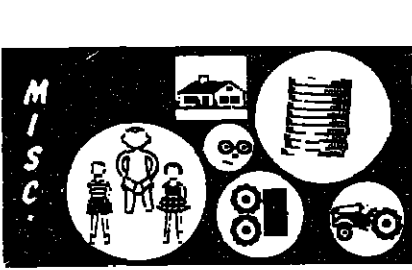
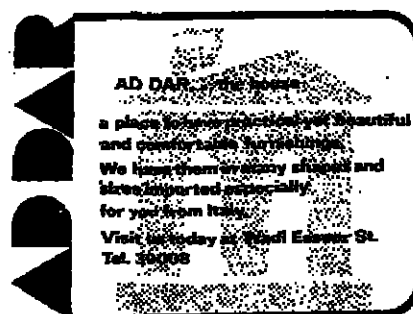
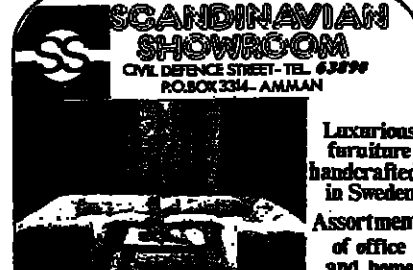
* 50 per cent of share capital paid.

AMMAN MARKETPLACE

RESTAURANTS



FURNITURE



"That's war" shrugs trigger-happy Israeli in midst of south Lebanon invasion

Officials still hope to pump remaining oil from stricken tanker

By David Hirst

"WE THOUGHT for sure we had killed you," said the Israeli officer. We had been well aware, as our ordeal lasted, that we were lucky to be still alive. But not until we met our "enemy" did we realise just how lucky. To be mistaken for Palestinian guerrillas in the biggest, hardest campaign Israel has ever launched against them, and to survive the mistake, is an achievement we owe much more to providence than to our own evasive ingenuity.

It happened to three correspondents -- Ned Temko of UPI, Douglas Roberts of Voice of America, and myself -- who had set out from Beirut at 5 o'clock in the morning for a visit to the Palestinian side of the front. It happened in the village of Haditha, 12 kms. north of the Israeli frontier.

Haditha is a Shi'ite-Muslim community which once numbered 2,000 homes. Its tragedy -- to be caught in the classic dilemma of neutrals in the people's wars -- is shared by scores of other towns and villages set in the rolling, open hills of south Lebanon. When we entered the village at 12:30 it was an eerie no-man's land between the opposing forces.

We had left the last Palestinian position -- if a handful of men armed with Kalashnikovs qualified as that -- but, five miles back on the road from Tyre. An Israeli armoured column, which had entered the village the previous day, had withdrawn earlier in the morning. At first we thought Haditha was empty of its inhabitants too. But a lonely figure approached and he was eventually joined by a train of followers -- grave, saddened men like himself, tearful women, excited children -- who almost dragged us round the village, insisted that we see all the evidence of their misfortune.

As we made this tour of shattered masonry and mangled livestock -- the humans were already buried -- people peered out of doorways. If they took us for Israelis, they raised their arms in instant terror. If they took us for Americans, they pointed skywards and, in their naive belief that Americans are masters of the world, they implored us to "save us from them." "Them" were the Israeli war planes which had visited them the day before.

Our guides insisted, before we left, that we inspect the wreckage of what was once the village's special pride: its new school. It had been built at a cost of \$100,000 and, with uncanny foresight, someone had insisted on a basement which could also serve as a shelter.

"Come and see it," they said, and in the first of our life-

saving flukes we were all going down there when the first tank shells landed.

About 20 came in all. The whole structure shuddered sickeningly. We and our companions huddled into the deepest subterranean recesses -- the latrine. In the one next door a woman clasped her terrified child and intoned prayers to Allah, Hassan, and Hussein, the masters of the Shi'ite sect.

The villagers began to murmur about an expected air strike. They scattered to their homes. We stayed. Hardly had they left before the tank-fire resumed. Then after a prolonged silence, we crept out in the hope of discovering what was going on. Spotted, and having come under intense mortar-fire, we took refuge in a concrete crevice which -- providence again taking a hand -- seemed likely to withstand anything but a very near hit.

The mortars kept on coming at intervals. Planes continuously screamed overhead but the air strikes we feared were destined for Tabnine, just across the valley, and targets further north. However, no sooner had our fear of one sort of dying ended than another took its place.

Suddenly small arms fire erupted from all directions. The chatter of machine-guns and the crack of rifle fire moved closer and closer. We could only assume -- very much to our astonishment -- that Palestinians had somehow infiltrated the village, and that before long we would be in the thick of it, with one side or the other taking up positions in the house behind which we sheltered. But it all died away as mysteriously as it had begun.

At nightfall we decided that the best course was to consult the villagers who, we knew, must be going through much the same emotions as ourselves. We walked half a kilometre in the knowledge that if we were passing through anyone's line -- whether Palestinian or Israeli -- they were liable to shoot first and ask questions later.

But finally we made it to the only inhabited part of the village.

We knocked on the door of a house through whose blacked-out windows we perceived the dim glow of a turned-down oil lamp. "The Israelis are liable to fire at the lighting of a match," an inmate subsequently explained. We were given what was perhaps the warmest welcome of our lives -- the kind of welcome which only the very poor can give -- and all the warmer in that here were strangers who, at least for a night, were sharing in their affliction.

That misapprehension -- obvious foreigners in motley attire and a handful of men, women, and children from the village taken for uniformed terrorists -- just about sums up the war the Israelis are waging in south Lebanon. It reflects not just the quality of the information available to

Editor's note: The Jordan Times is reprinting in full the following article from the March 21 issue of the Guardian because of the rare glimpse it gives into Israeli battlefield tactics in southern Lebanon. David Hirst, the Guardian's Middle East correspondent, tells how Israeli troops mistook him for a member of the PLO, shelled his refuge and then overran the position.

In the semi-darkness, we made out the shape of cows and goats on one side of the room and humans lying or sitting on the other side. An old man, wounded in the afternoon's sniper fire, lay silent in a corner. The family had ventured out that morning to scrape a shallow grave for his 17-year-old son, killed in the previous day's bombardment.

"You are our children," said an old woman "as dear to us as our eyes. If we die, we die together." She embraced us. What food they had they served on two large platters. Then Mohammed Fadil took us to his own house where we tried to sleep -- aircraft and an occasional shell still passing overhead -- amid the bales of his unsold tobacco crop.

At dawn we heard the sound of approaching engines. As the mist rose it unveiled a cluster of tanks and armoured personnel carriers on a nearby hill. Israeli soldiers, clearly relaxed, were standing around. And what the villagers told us could be a hazardous operation -- identifying ourselves to them proved very easy.

It was then that we learned just how lucky we had been. Capt. Uzi Dayan, paratrooper and relative of the foreign minister, is a transparently decent and humane man. When he heard our tale he replied: "I don't like to tell you this. It was I who ordered the shelling of the school. This tank -- and he pointed to a nearby Centurion -- "did it from a distance of 1,200 metres."

Another, British-educated officer filled in some details: "We were sure we had killed you with two simultaneous hits on the top and bottom floors. We were so sure that we did not bother to come and flush you out. I don't like to say it but we assumed that it was just three more terrorists done for." We told him about the basement.

Why had Dayan ordered the firing? "They told me that 12 uniformed terrorists had entered the building."

That misapprehension -- obvious foreigners in motley attire and a handful of men, women, and children from the village taken for uniformed terrorists -- just about sums up the war the Israelis are waging in south Lebanon. It reflects not just the quality of the information available to

them, but, at a deeper level, a whole attitude of mind. The despair which drove the Palestinians to massacre civilians on the Haifa-Tel-Aviv highway is matched -- as a contribution to the mutual hatred of Arab and Israeli -- by a total commitment to the iron fist.

In our six hours' wait for transport back from the front we had a unique, supervised opportunity to talk to ordinary Israelis in action. Two questions kept coming to their lips. One was: "Are there any terrorists in the village?" It amounted to a subconscious admission that we, who had just strayed here by accident, were better placed to tell them than their own much-valued intelligence services.

It was obvious to us, after an hour of ordinary dealings with the villagers, that there were no terrorists left -- or that, if there had been, it would not have taken very long to find out in which houses, if any, they had installed themselves. "We do not deny that they have been here over the years," said a villager. "But they imposed themselves on us. They had all gone before the bombardment. We only wish that just one guerrilla had honoured us by sharing our fate."

Some Israelis are, it seems, incapable of such ordinary dealings with the Arabs. We had intervened in an effort to arrange safe conduct for 100 villagers who wanted to go north. Mohammed Fadil kept saying, as we took him to the Israelis, that they would beat him up. We said: "Don't be silly." But although they did not beat him up, he was more right than we were.

The transformation in some Israeli soldiers was almost pathological. Men who had talked to us in an easy, friendly way turned mean and hostile when confronted with one trembling villager. For the Israelis, it seems, everyone is a terrorist in disguise.

The second insistent question was: "Were any civilians killed in the bombing?" We pointed to a house under which an old woman still lay entombed. We told them that not merely had civilians died, but that they were the only ones who had: it was doubtful we said, if so many as one

of the 20-odd houses their air force had destroyed had harboured guerrillas. Yet the soldiers obviously placed more confidence in what we told them about the matter than the official propaganda. One might shrug it off, saying "That's war." Another might fall into embarrassed silence. But none demurred.

In six hours that we sat and watched the bombardment of Tabnine and beyond -- with aircraft and everything from mortars to massive field guns deep inside Israeli territory -- only half a dozen projectiles, mere fire crackers in comparison, came in from the other side. In "cleansing" the Israelis are using the opposite of their usual military techniques of high mobility.

There was, we were told, an overriding consideration: to minimise Israeli casualties. And that, we gathered, stemmed from another: the morale of the ordinary Israeli soldier was not as high as it used to be. Only after the massive bombardment would the infantry go in. It clearly troubled some professional consciences. One sharpshooter confided: "I have killed three terrorists so far, but this artillery is a dirty business."

Reliance on long-range firepower, I suspect, is the real reason why they did not come and get us in the school. And they even used small arms

like artillery. What we, crouched in our bunker, had taken to be close-range combat was actually general spraying of the village, or as one officer put it, "a precaution against pockets of resistance." In the course of it -- one wrinkle old villager told the Israelis -- snipers had picked off his 15 sheep one by one for amusement.

There is little doubt that, with such techniques, the Israeli army is effectively "cleansing" the border region of the guerrillas, who, abandoned by the Arab world, stand no chance against overwhelming odds. How far will the Israelis go? "We are ready to go all the way to Turkey," said one officer, "to protect our citizens." That is the ultimate logic of security built on force alone. The Israelis will have achieved a short-term release, but added another layer to the enduring hatred which encircles them.

To leave Haditha, we hitched a lift on the back of Capt. Dayan's tank. A goat was munching placidly at the narrow roadside. It refused to get out of the way, so he ordered his tank to defer to the goat. If that were the spirit which informed all the Israeli army, there might be some prospect of peaceful coexistence, but it certainly does not: it is more like one spared goat to 15 slaughtered sheep.

Private companies mark sharp increase in UAE

ABU DHABI, March 25 (R). — The United Arab Emirates (UAE) now has 22,949 privately-owned firms compared with 16,998 firms in 1975, according to figures published today in the semi-official newspaper Al Ittihad. The figures, compiled by the Central Statistics Department at the Planning Ministry, showed that the firms employed a total work force of 321,779 persons. No labour figures were available for 1975.

The biggest work force was in Dubai, the second largest of the seven member-states of this Gulf federation, with 135,623 persons employed in 7,133 firms. But Abu Dhabi, the biggest of the states, had the largest number of firms. They totaled 7,467 firms employing 97,240 workers.

BREST, France, March 25 (R). — With only an estimated 35,000 tons of the original 220,000 tons of oil left on the shattered tanker Amoco-Cadiz, authorities and owners are still hoping to pipe the crude oil from the ship, officials said.

Hundreds of kilometres of the picturesque Finistere coast are already polluted, causing widespread damage to oyster and lobster beds, and to the region's important seaweed industry.

Mr. Marc Becam, coordinating efforts to limit the effect of the oil spill for the French government, told reporters he believed the remaining oil could still be taken off.

All 13 hold-compartments are now breached, and the tanker -- battered by huge waves for eight days -- yesterday settled even further into the sea just one mile off the fishing

village of Portsall, north-west of here.

But Mr. Becam said there was no immediate threat to the Normandy Peninsula, to the north-east.

Yesterday afternoon, the French minister met British Junior Trade Minister Stanley Clinton Davis, who had earlier visited the Channel Islands, where contingency plans were being made in case the huge oil slick drifted that way.

Mr. Becam briefed the British minister on measures the French authorities are taking to avoid another coastal pollution disaster.

From Monday, oil tankers will have to keep at least seven miles off the French coast, instead of the present five miles.

Ships entering French territorial waters will have to signal their position and route to the coastal authorities.

Vessels within 50 miles of the French coast will have to report any breakdown to the French authorities.

Mr. Becam made it clear these were temporary measures pending international action he hoped would be taken at next month's meeting of the Inter-governmental Maritime Consultative Organisation.

Indian official is bomb target in Australia

CANBERRA, March 25 (R). — A time bomb was found in the grounds of the residence of the Indian high commissioner here today, police reported. A police spokesman said it was discovered about six hours before it was set to explode.

The Indian High Commissioner, Mr. Jagdish Ajmani, his wife and son and two members of his staff were in the house at the time.

Mr. Ajmani said he later received a phone call at 2.50 p.m., five minutes after the bomb was set to detonate and he believed the caller, who did not speak, wanted to find out if the device had gone off.

The bomb, containing gelignite, was the latest in a series of attacks on the high commission and other Indian institutions in Australia.

Mr. Ajmani said the only organisation he knew with a grudge against the Indian government was the Ananda Marga religious sect.

Police said no group had claimed responsibility so far for the bomb.

LOCAL EXCHANGE RATES

Jordanian Dhs	Buying/Selling
U.S. dollar	309.00/311.00
U.K. sterling	579.00/583.00
W. German mark	151.80/152.50
Swiss franc	162.50/163.40
French franc	66.20/66.60
Italian lire (for every 100)	36.20/36.40
Japanese yen (for every 100)	135.50/136.30
Dutch guilder	141.60/142.40
Belgian franc (for every ten)	97.40/98.00
Swedish crown	66.90/67.30

THE HASHEMITE KINGDOM OF JORDAN

Amman Water and Sewerage Authority (AWSA)

INVITATION FOR PRE-QUALIFICATION OF SPECIALISED CONTRACTING FIRMS

AWSA invites submission of pre-qualification data by specialised contracting firms which can qualify for the construction of certain civil works and the supply and the installation of equipment in connection with a project for the expansion of treatment facilities for the Amman Water and Sewerage Authority (AWSA). Pre-qualification data is invited from Jordanian contractors and contractors from countries eligible under AID Geographic Code 941 or joint ventures of such firms who can qualify through experience with projects of similar nature and type.

The works included in this invitation consist of the following items:

1. Supply and installation of sludge digestion tank, storage tank, pipelines and equipment.
2. Sludge drying beds, storage area, pumping station, pipeline and front loaders.
3. Miscellaneous improvements to existing treatment plant.
4. Estimated construction time is 17 months.

The project components described above will be jointly financed by the U.S. Agency for International Development and the government of Jordan.

The contractor or contractors to whom a contract may be awarded will be paid in U.S. dollars and Jordanian dinars. In submitting pre-qualification data, AID pre-qualification ques-

tionnaire for construction contractors (attachment 2A, chapter 2, handbook 11, TM 11:1) must be filled out completely and submitted with any brochures and additional information and resources. In the event a joint venture seeks pre-qualification, the questionnaire must be supplied with respect to all firms in the joint venture. These forms are available from AWSA in Amman and at AID, Washington. Completed pre-qualification data must be submitted to:

General Manager
Amman Water and Sewerage Authority
P.O. Box 2412
Amman, Jordan

with copy to:

Agency for International Development
NE/CD Department of State
Washington, D.C. 20523
Attn: Robert Fedel

Envelopes must be clearly marked as follows:

"Pre-qualification-Sewage Treatment Facilities".

Pre-qualification data must be received by AWSA no later than May 30, 1978. A short list of qualified contractors will be prepared by AWSA, and all contractors will be advised by July 1, 1978 whether or not they have been qualified and when they will be invited to submit bids.

THE Sunday Crossword

(formerly The New York Herald Tribune Crossword)
Edited by Herb Rotstein

HOLIDAY ECLOGUES

By Jordan S. Leasher

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| | 79 Musical | 95 House Sp. | 109 Scotch |
| | 80 Musical | 96 House Sp. | 110 Scotch |
| | 81 Musical | 97 House Sp. | 111 Scotch |
| | 82 Musical | 98 House Sp. | 112 Scotch |
| | 83 Musical | 99 House Sp. | 113 Scotch |
| | 84 Musical | 100 House Sp. | 114 Scotch |
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FORECAST FOR SUNDAY, MARCH 26, 1978

Your Daily HOROSCOPE

from the CARROLL RIGHTER INSTITUTE

GENERAL TENDENCIES: Study into whatever school of thought will help you express your finest qualities and principles. To take full advantage of this good aspect, be open-minded and willing to accept advanced teachings.

ARIES (March 21 to Apr. 19) You can handle present problems well if you follow your hunches. Be more courteous with mate and get better results. Show wisdom.

TAURUS (Apr. 20 to May 20) Your future is pretty much influenced by individuals with whom you are associating at this time, so be sure you select the best. A fascinating new situation arises today that can mean advancement for you.

GEMINI (May 21 to June 21) You can get much done today so forget about going off on any tangents. Make a plan first and then carry through with fellow workers.

MOON CHILDREN (June 22 to July 21) Get out to recreational activities that ease tensions. Show more consideration for loved ones and enjoy greater affection.

LEO (July 22 to Aug. 21) Try to please kin more and you have greater harmony at home and more pleasure as well. Look around for new gadgets that make home life more operative. Show generosity, also of spirit.

VIRGO (Aug. 22 to Sept. 22) You are an idealist at heart and can be useful in civic work, so take interest in such. Talk over with associates how to improve production, also.

LIBRA (Sept. 23 to Oct. 22) Get busy cutting down on expenses and finding new interests to add to present income. Plan repairs to property.

SCORPIO (Oct. 23 to Nov. 21) Making plans now will gain you personal aims that mean a great deal to you. See others socially who can help you advance.

SAGITTARIUS (Nov. 22 to Dec. 21) Think over carefully whatever most concerns you and know better how to handle your affairs. You are able to improve your relationship with loved ones.

CAPRICORN (Dec. 22 to Jan. 20) You have a friend who can assist you to gain an aim important to your welfare. Plan recreations you like and contact good friends.

AQUARIUS (Jan. 21 to Feb. 19) Be well prepared before you see that bigwig on an important matter and you get good results. Handle any credit affairs wisely.

PISCES (Feb. 20 to Mar. 20) Try to be more articulate and get something important done. Make new contacts who have good minds and can be helpful to you.

Project Hand helps out Third World craftsmen

By Kenneth Clark

LONDON, (LPS). — Leatherware from Morocco, baskets from Malawi, raffia bags from Cameroon, mohair carpets from Lesotho, batik work from Kenya, woolsens from Peru, sweaters from Bolivia... all these examples of traditional craftsmanship make a colourful display in the showroom of a new venture called Project Hand.

It began four years ago when an economist, Benny Dembitzer, after travelling extensively in Africa, became interested in helping to market such handmade goods in Britain and opened a shop in a London suburb. The shop did quite well, but Mr. Dembitzer found he was becoming involved in the wholesale trade and a bigger organisation became necessary.

Marketing service

Luckily he met Mr. D. Hidalgo, a former chief of the Africa Division, Development Finance Companies at the World Bank, who had similar interests. Mr. Hidalgo has set up an organisation called FRIDA (Fund for Research and Investment for the Development of Africa).

The aim of FRIDA is to help the develop-

ment of projects which are labour intensive and use local materials. Many of these enterprises need advice on management, short or long term loans and, of prime importance, a marketing service to buy the goods and sell them to the best advantage of the producers in Europe and North America.

FRIDA has taken over Project Hand, which will be the marketing department of that organisation. I recently visited its office, which is in the Africa Centre building in London's Covent Garden.

Offices in other countries

There I met the deputy managing director, an enthusiastic young man named Edward Millard. Mr. Millard is a graduate of Sussex University with a sound commercial background gained in his family's importing business. He told me that FRIDA has representatives working in Lesotho and Upper Volta, and that more offices would be opened in other African countries soon.

Many of the producers whose work is imported by Project Hand are organised into local cooperatives, with the craftsmen involved in the design, manufacture and administration. Other groups are centred upon community related projects such as children's



Edward Millard, Deputy Managing Director of Project Hand, the marketing arm of the Fund for Research and Development of Africa, with some of the craftwork from the many countries with whom Project Hand is in contact.

homes, refugee camps, village industries and so on. Others may be sponsored by governments of the developing countries.

The project has contacts in more than 40 countries.

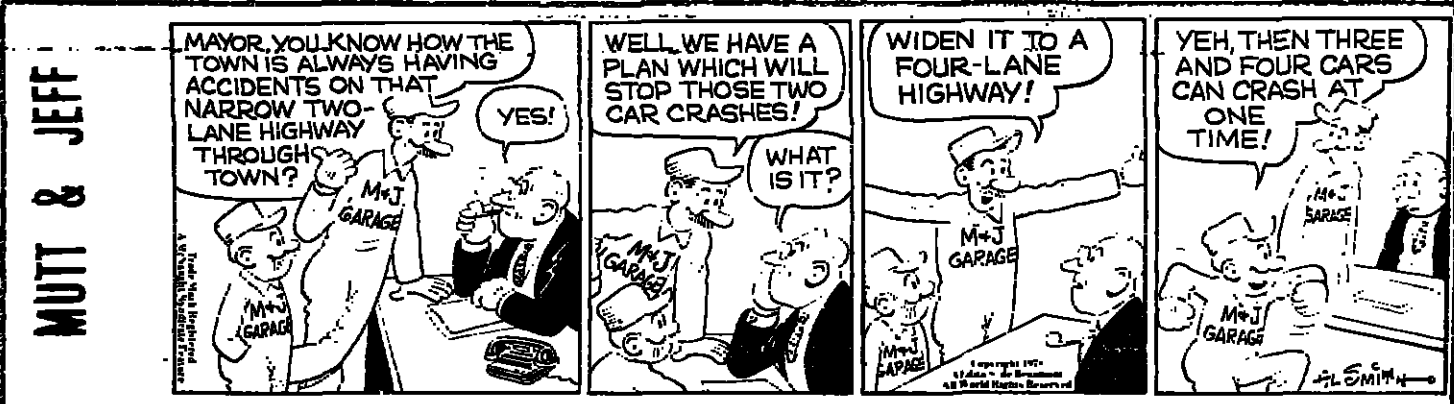
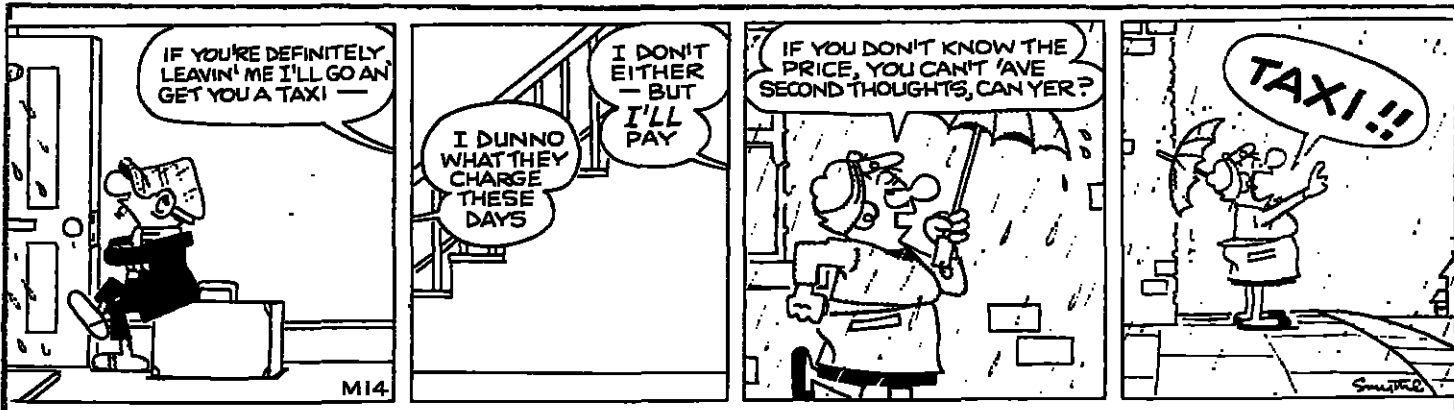
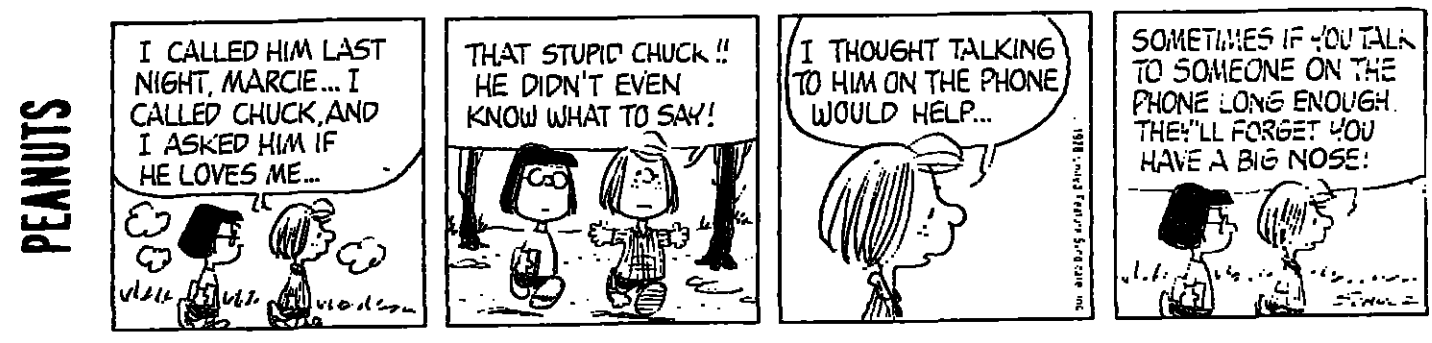
Retail outlets developed

Mr. Millard and his small staff are giving advice on the best pricing of goods, packaging, documentation and tariff requirements. A great deal of work has been done in de-

veloping retail outlets in Britain, but Mr. Millard is looking ambitiously at the bigger markets in mainland Europe and the United States of America.

The big task is to discover the right goods for the right market. Mr. Millard said it is not solely a question of price: Local tastes differ enormously.

The project itself will not be profitmaking. Any profits will be ploughed back into the research and investment activities of FRIDA, which has an initial capital of \$6 million.



THE BETTER HALF. By Barnes



OUT & ABOUT

THE DIPLOMAT
Jabal Amman First Circle tel. 25592 announces good news to our customers.

We have now famous Lebanese cooks and staff and we are ready to offer Lebanese specialties as well as oriental and European cuisine at the most reasonable prices.

QUICK MEAL

Restaurants for broasted chicken and light snacks. Take home, lunch or dinner. Jabal Amman, First Circle. Tel. 21083. Jabal Al Luweld, Hawuz Circle. Tel. 30646. Jabal Al Hussein, near Jerusalem Cinema. Tel. 21781. Also in Zarka and Irbid.

CHINESE RESTAURANT

First Chinese restaurant in Jordan. First Circle, Jabal Amman, near the Ahlyiah School or CME. Tel. 38968. Open daily from noon to 3:30 p.m. and 6:30 p.m. to midnight. Also take home service - order by phone.

STEAKHOUSE

Firas Wings Hotel, Jabal Al Luweld. Tel. 22103/4. Choice of THREE set menus daily for lunch, and a la carte. Open 12:30 p.m. and 7-12 p.m. Specialty: steaks.

For advertising in above columns contact "Sout Wa Soura" Tel. 38869. Open from 9 a.m. to 1 p.m. and 4-6 p.m.

RESTAURANT TAIWAN TOURISM

Jordan's largest and most Renowned Chinese restaurant offers you a gourmet's trip to the Far East via superior oriental cuisine and authentic northern Chinese and Cantonese dishes.

TAKE OUT ORDERS AVAILABLE

1st Circle, Jabal Amman, Telephone 41083

GRAFFITI

PERFECT POISE IS NOT LOOKING SELF-CONSCIOUS IN THE FRONT PEW

We would like you to join us for the Daily Dish. "Arabic & European" dishes. At

JORDAN TIMES DAILY GUIDE

JORDAN TELEVISION

JORDAN TELEVISION -- MONDAY

BBC RADIO

AMMAN AIRPORT

Channel 3 & 6:

6:00 Quran	9:10 Wrestling
6:15 Cartoons	
6:30 The Waltens	
6:45 News in Arabic	
7:00 News in Arabic	
7:15 T.V. feature film	
7:30 Safety on roads	
8:30 Arabic series	

Channel 6:

7:30 News in Hebrew	
7:45 Filler	
8:30 The good life	
8:10 T.V. feature film	
10:00 News in English	
10:15 Hawaii Five-O	

Channel 3 & 6:

8:30 Arabic series	8:30 Arabic series
9:10 Dialogue with an official	9:10 Dialogue with an official
8:15 Cartoons	
8:30 Man from Atlantis	
8:45 News in Arabic	
10:10 The angels	
11:00 News in Arabic	
11:30 News in English	

Channel 3:

7:30 Health and life	
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RADIO JORDAN -- MONDAY

RADIO JORDAN

7:00 Morning show	14:30 Rabaiyat Khayam
7:30 News bulletin	15:00 Concert hour
8:00 Morning show	16:00 Pop session
10:00 Morning headlines	17:00 Kalla and Diana
10:15 Follage	17:30 Pop session
10:30 Music for children	
11:00 Signing off	
12:00 News headlines	18:00 News summary
12:30 Pop session	18:15 The Crystal Pyramid
13:00 News summary	18:30 30 minutes of Jazz
13:05 Pop session	18:45 News bulletin
14:00 News bulletin	19:10 News reports
	19:30 Signing off

EMERGENCIES

Doctors:

Amman:	Feisal (22051)
Suleiman Hyman (25015)	Bourj (81028)
Mahmoud Tourk (75883)	
Irbid:	
All Omar (2032)	Sabbagh (23157)
Zarga:	Pras (31912)
Bahadine Kaseh	Kamel (35280)
Taxi:	Salam (36730)
Shal (38211)	Irbid:
Maba (22059)	Shadi
	Zarga:
	Palestine

Pharmacies:

Amman:	Abdul Razzaq Tubaishat
Amman:	Bashar Shajrawi (83083)
Irbid:	Zarga:
Khayam (41541)	

Doctors:

Amman:	Ahram (63811)
Amman:	Nahda (63003)
Amman:	Ambassador (65161)
Amman:	Sabbagh (23157)
Amman:	Irbid (30210)
Amman:	Rahma (21224)
Amman:	Bashar (39177)
Amman:	Chizawi
Amman:	Zarga:
Amman:	Nihad

Pharmacies:

Amman:	Sabbagh (23157)
Amman:	Irbid (30210)
Amman:	Rahma (21224)
Amman:	Bashar (39177)
Amman:	Chizawi
Amman:	Zarga:
Amman:	Nihad

EMERGENCIES -- MONDAY

BBC RADIO

13:45 Saudi Jones Requests	14:30 Vintage Comedy
15:00 Radio Newsworld	15:15 Concert: Hall
15:15 News: Commentary	15:30 News: Commentary
15:45 Our Own Correspondent	16:15 Up at the Villa
16:45 News: Book Choice	17:15 My Music
17:45 Sports Call	18:00 News: News about Britain
18:15 Radio Newsworld	18:30 Life after Life
19:00 Radio Theatre	19:45 Am I too Loud?
20:00 News: Commentary	20:15 Europa
20:30 Banners and Bonnets	21:00 Letterbox
21:15 How to be a Musician	21:45 Theatre Call
22:00 News: Our Own Correspondent	22:30 Notes from an Observer
22:45 Reflections	23:00 News: Commentary
23:15 Letter from America	23:30 Life after Life

VOICE OF AMERICA

VOICE OF AMERICA

6:00 The Breakfast Show	17:30 Dateline
6:30 News: Regional and Topical Reports	18:00 Special English: News, Feature: Space and Man, News Summary
6:30 News: Regional and Topical Reports	18:30 Music USA (Standard)
6:30 News: Regional and Topical Reports	19:00 News Roundup, Reports, Actualities, Opinion, Analysis, News Summary
6:30 News: Regional and Topical Reports	19:30 VOA Magazine, American, Science, Cultural, Letters
6:30 News: Regional and Topical Reports	20:00 Special English: News, Feature: Space and Man, News Summary
6:30 News: Regional and Topical Reports	20:30 Music USA (Jazz)
6:30 News: Regional and Topical Reports	21:00 News: Newsweek's voices ... correspondents' reports ... back-

ARRIVALS

7:45 Jeddah	8:45 Beirut (MEA)
7:55 Doha, Kuwait	9:00 Beirut
8:00 Dubai, Abu Dhabi	9:00 Frankfurt
8:40 Riyadh (SDI)	9:30 Athens, Laraca
11:15 Beirut	10:00 Rome
11:40 Doha, Kuwait (BA)	11:00 Riyadh, Dhahran (SDI)
11:45 Kuwait (KAC)	12:00 Jeddah
16:45 Paris	12:40 London (BA)
17:00 Baghdad (IA)	12:45 Kuwait (KAC)
17:15 Amsterdam, Geneva	13:00 Cairo
17:30 Athens, Laraca	18:00 Baghdad (IA)
17:30 Jeddah	18:15 Damascus
17:40 Paris (AF)	18:30 Jeddah
17:45 Copenhagen, Vienna	19:30 Baghdad
18:10 London, Brussels	20:00 Abu Dhabi, Dubai
18:30 Rome	20:30 Bahrain, Bangkok
18:45 Cairo	21:00 Jeddah
19:15 Frankfurt	21:30 Kuwait
20:00 Beirut (MEA)	22:00 Tehran
20:30 Damascus	

CULTURAL CENTRES

American Centre (USIS)	Tel. 41520
British Council	36147-6
French Cultural Centre	37009
Goethe Institute	41993
Soviet Cultural Centre	44203
Amman Municipal Library	36111

USEFUL TELEPHONE NUMBERS

Ambulance (government)	Tel. 75111
Civil defence rescue	24391-4
Fire headquarters	22090
Firstaid, fire, police	18
Jordan Electric Power Co. (emergency)	36381-2
Municipal water service (emergency)	37111-3
Police headquarters	39141
Najfeh roving patrol rescue police, (English spoken) 24 hours a day for emergency help	21111, 37777
Airport information (Alia)	55205

Bhutto appeals death sentence; process may take up to 6 weeks

LAHORE, PAKISTAN, March 25 (R). — Former Pakistan Prime Minister Zulfikar Ali Bhutto today filed an appeal with the Supreme Court against his death sentence on charges of ordering a political assassination. His lawyers also filed a separate application asking for Mr. Bhutto to be moved from his condemned cell in the Lahore District jail to better quarters.

Mr. Bhutto has been in the death cell since the Lahore High Court convicted him last Saturday of murder, attempted murder and conspiracy.

The prosecution said that in 1974 Mr. Bhutto ordered his para-military Federal Security Force to kill Mr. Ahmed Raza Kasuri, a member of parliament and a vociferous political opponent.

Mr. Kasuri escaped unhurt when his car was ambushed on the way home from a wedding in Lahore. But his father died

in a hall of machinegun bullets.

Four members of the disbanded force were also sentenced to hang with Mr. Bhutto.

The Supreme Court will hear appeals from all five together. If the appeal fails Mr. Bhutto's only recourse would be a petition of mercy to President Fazal Elahi Chaudhry.

Pakistan's martial law administrator Gen. Mohammad Zia-ul-Haq, who would make a recommendation on a mercy petition, told a television inter-

viewer earlier this week that he expected the Supreme Court appeal to take from three to six weeks.

Mr. Bhutto's appeal ran to 30 pages but his lawyers said they reserved the right to lodge further grounds for appeal later.

They complained to reporters that the high court gave only seven days for appeal while, according to them, the law allows for 30 days.

Gen. Zia-ul-Haq meanwhile said in an interview published in Abu Dhabi that he had no authority to commute the death sentence of Mr. Bhutto as long as the case was still before the courts.

In New York, U.N. Secretary-General Kurt Waldheim appealed yesterday for clemency for Mr. Bhutto.

A U.N. spokesman said Mr. Waldheim addressed the appeal to President Chaudhry.

In a separate development, Mr. Bhutto's former Finance Minister, Dr. Mubashar Hasan, was arrested here Friday night.

Mr. Hasan, also former secretary general of Mr. Bhutto's People's Party, was detained under a martial law edict which prohibits political activity. He was sent to the same jail in Lahore where Mr. Bhutto is held.

2nd Somali liberation movement said to wage war against Ethiopia

MOGADISHU, Somalia, March 25 (AP). — Somali-backed rebels today claimed they repulsed attacks by Soviet and Cuban troops supporting Ethiopian forces in southern Ethiopia this week and killed more than 1,000 Ethiopians in a string of fierce battles.

The Somali Abo Liberation Front (SALF) claimed the Soviets and Cubans, the main factor in Ethiopia's victory against other rebels in the Ogaden Desert last month, were beaten back in thrusts in the Bale and Sidamo provinces.

There were scant details of these actions which appeared to be a major offensive by the Ethiopians and their communist allies against the SALF in the region.

The strength of the Cuban force was not clear from communiques.

The main battle apparently centred on Negele, the provisional capital of Sidamo Province, and was the fiercest clash in the week's fighting. The town has remained in Ethiopian hands since the Ogaden war erupted last July.

Danab, the official news bulletin of Somali liberation movements, said other battles took place at Arero, 120 kms. southwest of Negele, Hiddi-Lola and Gado.

The Danab communique claimed the SALF rebels destroy-

ed 11 Ethiopian trucks plus large quantities of food, fuel and other supplies.

SALF is predominantly composed of ethnic Somali tribesmen fighting to end Ethiopian rule in their traditional homelands.

Like the Western Somali Liberation Front (WSLF) in the Ogaden Desert of southeast Ethiopia, SALF rebels have pledged to continue fighting, despite the withdrawal of regular Somali forces from the conflict earlier this month.

Danab said the heaviest fighting this week took place Sunday at the town of Negele, about 440 kms. south of the Ethiopian capital of Addis Ababa, when insurgents went on the offensive.

Danab claimed SALF insurgents stormed Ethiopian positions around the town and held it for about 12 hours before withdrawing to more secure positions in nearby mountains.

The rebels claimed they killed more than 500 Ethiopians in the 24-hour battle, but gave no indication of their own losses.

The guerrillas said they killed another 400 Ethiopian soldiers and destroyed a number of armoured vehicles Monday when the Ethiopians tried to recapture Hiddi-Lola district, located between the towns of Moyale and Mega near the Kenyan border.

Arab business tops work of Bahrain's offshore Bankers

BAHRAIN, March 25 (R). — Bahrain's offshore banks were doing about half of their \$15.7 billion business with Arab countries, according to the quarterly bulletin of the Bahrain Monetary Agency released here today.

Reporting the positions of Bahrain's 36 offshore banks at the end of 1977 when their business increased almost two fold, the bulletin showed that \$7 billion of the banks' assets came from Arab states and \$8.3 billion of liabilities were owed by Arab states. But most of the banks' business was done in U.S. dollars.

A total of \$11.6 billion of the banks' assets were in the U.S. currency whereas regional currencies, mainly Saudi rials and Kuwaiti dinars, totalled \$3.2 billion, almost three times the \$1.2 billion at the end of 1976.

Two other important currencies dealt by the banks were Swiss francs (\$389 million) and West German marks (\$319 million). The banks dealings remained mostly short term.

Meanwhile, Bahrain's Gulf Weekly Mirror today reported a sharp increase in dealings in Saudi rials in the offshore market.

It said Saudi rial assets at the end of February had risen to more than \$2 billion. The newspaper did not give precise figures for liabilities.

It attributed the increase mainly to the practice of the Saudi government of expressing its large contracts in terms of the local currency. It said that this made budgeting easier in Saudi Arabia but left contractors with the job of converting rials into their own currencies.

Contractors also found large amounts of Saudi rials in their possession and were therefore interested in investing them short term or in buying or selling them forward.

Abourezk praises Carter

WASHINGTON, March 25 (AP). — U.S. Senator James Abourezk has praised President Jimmy Carter for what he called his standing up to the Israeli lobby in the United States.

"He (the president) wants to do what's in the interest of the country," Mr. Abourezk said, "but boy, is he catching it. They're really going to lay it on him. The senator did not elaborate on this."

Mr. Abourezk, a South Dakota Democrat, is the only American of Lebanese extraction ever to be elected to the Senate. He is the son of Lebanese immigrant parents.

His interest in Mideastern affairs, Mr. Abourezk said, stems from visits to Israel as well as to the Arab states.

More and more people in the United States, he said yesterday, are becoming interested in the Arab point of view in the Israeli quarrel with the Israelis.

The senator said it is his view that the Israelis must withdraw from the Arab lands they have acquired by force. In an interview, he said that what he called Israeli intransigence feeds Arab resistance and intensifies Palestinian determination to fight for what they consider a just cause.

Abourezk called the Israeli invasion of Lebanon arrogant and cynical. He said the Israeli army cannot stop Palestinian raiders from crossing the frontier but it wants Lebanon to drive the Palestinians out.

"What they really want," he said, "is to drive the Palestinians into the sea."

Mr. Abourezk said that Israeli Prime Minister Menachem Begin personifies what the senator called Israeli duplicity, as Mr. Begin charges the Palestinians as terrorists who commit deplorable acts but the Israeli leader himself set an example for terrorism while leading the Jewish Legion gang.

"It was the Israelis themselves who showed the Palestinians how to get a state through violence," Mr. Abourezk said.

Cranston disagrees

Local home rule for Palestinians -- but with a continued Israeli presence -- are essential elements of an agreement to ease the current Middle East crisis, Senator Alan Cranston said Friday.

"No one expects -- realistically -- total Israeli withdrawal from the West Bank and Gaza Strip, and no one expects an independent Palestinian state on the West Bank,"

Mr. Cranston said he disagreed with President Carter, who met this week with Israeli Prime Minister Menachem Begin, that Israel should make concessions in advance of negotiations with Egyptian President Anwar Sadat.

The senator added that support for the PLO would diminish if it held out for concessions after the Arab nations bordering Israel came to agreement with Israel.

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Gangland deaths revive speculation of N.Y. mafia war

NEW YORK, March 25 (R). — Five men were killed gangland-style in New York this week -- just enough to make police wonder whether they have an underworld war on their hands or just murder as usual.

The best-known name among the five dead was Salvatore "Sally Bugs" Briguglio, who has been linked by federal law enforcement officials to the disappearance of former teamster leader Jimmy Hoffa in 1975.

Briguglio, a short, wiry man who had been warned by the city's organized crime force that his life was in danger, was shot five times in the head outside an Italian restaurant.

He was a close associate of

alleged Hoffa arch-enemy Anthony "Tony Pro" Provenzano, a union leader now on trial in New York for taking part in a bribery scheme.

When "Tony Pro" heard of his death, the usual good humour he had been showing at his trial disappeared. "My heart went like this," he told reporters as he thumped his chest rapidly.

Theories on the Briguglio killing abound, including one that there is a new power at work in the Mafia.

Warning killing

The theory goes that this new power ordered him killed as a warning to Briguglio's gangland associates.

Another is that Briguglio

was about to reveal his biggest mystery he was supposed to be keeping -- the disappearance and probable murder of Hoffa.

Police and FBI officials had been interviewing him on the case since 1976.

He appeared before a grand jury investigating the case and before a line-up, but he was never charged with anything in connection with the case.

He once told an interviewer: "Nobody knows what I've been through. It's just sickening."

Briguglio was murdered on Tuesday night. On Thursday night four other men with gangland connections and shady pasts were found dead in the city, sparking police

speculation that a gang war may be in progress.

First, police found Pasquale "Paddy Mac" Macchiarolo, 57, in the boot of his Lincoln Continental car in the parking area of a Brooklyn supermarket.

He had been dead for some time, and his body, wrapped in plastic sheets, was badly decomposed.

Macchiarolo was a reputed lieutenant in the Vito Genovese crime family and had been under an extortion indictment.

Another murder victim was Americus Scotese, 48, who was shot down in front of his house. He had a record of nearly 20 arrests dating back to 1945.

Patrick Presenzano, 33, was

found lying in a Brooklyn street with his throat slit. He had a record of five arrests and police sources said it looked as if he had been thrown out of a moving car.

Anthony Curcio, 60, was shot dead on Thursday as he sat in the bar he owned in Manhattan. Although he had no criminal record, police sources said he had been under investigation for possible underworld connections.

Federal officials have been predicting an outbreak of mob warfare in New York since 1976, claiming that it would be over control of gambling and drugs in the city.

According to officials, the city has five major crime families and rackets worth millions.

New U.S. miners' contract approved

WASHINGTON, March 25 (R). — The United Mine Workers Union (UMW) has announced that 160,000 striking miners had voted to approve the contract proposed to end their 109-day walkout.

A UMW spokesman said late last night that with 87 per cent of the vote counted, 56.7 per cent of 55,726 miners approved the contract, compared to 42,391 who voted against.

"If every remaining vote not counted was a no," the spokesman said, "the contract would still pass."

UMW President Arnold Miller said the contract would probably be signed today. He hoped the miners would begin work on Sunday's midnight shift.

But there was some concern that the strike might not be over this weekend.

About 14,000 UMW construction workers have not yet signed a separate contract, which calls for a \$1.80 an hour increase, far less than the \$2.40 accepted by the miners.

In 1974, a miners' strike was extended because the construction workers refused to settle.

UMW sources in Charleston, West Virginia, said that if the construction workers put up picket lines in front of the mines, the miners would refuse to go back to work.

The UMW spokesman in Washington said he felt this issue would be resolved before the weekend was over.

The U.S. Labour Department said today there were about 23,400 strike-related factory layoffs in the United States last week, the same as the previous week.

The proposal voted on Friday calls for increasing miners' wages by \$2.40 an hour over three years. Miners now receive an average of \$7.80 an hour.

At strategic Beaufort Castle, a time of watching & waiting

By Bernd Debusmann

BEAUFORT castle, Lebanon, March 25, (R). — Built by the Arabs, stormed by the Crusaders, starved into surrender by Saladin, this mighty fortress is threatening Israel's control over Lebanon south of the River Litani.

"They bombed us, they shelled us, they strafed us, they mortared us. But they couldn't get us out," said a young Palestinian fighter here. "As you can see, we are very well protected."

He pointed to a grey stone wall, slightly chipped in one place. "This wall was hit by an Israeli mortar. But you can hardly see the dent. A solid structure, this."

Perched 715 metres atop a rocky ridge overlooking the Litani Valley, the solid structure is held by commandos of Fateh, the biggest Palestinian commando organisation. From their mountain stronghold, they have a commanding view over key villages in occupied southern Lebanon.

"Down there you see Kleya, next to it Khirbe, further south Deir Mimas. A little to the east is Metulieh, the northernmost town in Israel," the fighter said. All are within range of mortars and artillery from Beaufort Castle.

So is the easternmost of the three bridges over the Litani, apparently the limit the Israelis set themselves for their advance on the ground. Israel's air force has hit targets as far north as Beirut since the invasion began on March 16.

"To have complete, undisturbed control over Lebanon south of the Litani, you must have Beaufort Castle," said a western military expert in Beirut.

But Beaufort is difficult to take. Artillery and mortar make little impression on a structure with walls up to two metres thick. Deep vaults carved out of natural rock provide shelter from air attacks.

A ground attack from the east, from Israel and Lebanese areas under Israeli control, would have to overcome a vertical precipice of more than 350 metres.

When Saladin, the Sultan of Egypt, besieged Beaufort in 1192, the knights and soldiers in the castle poured burning oil on their attackers. Today's defenders have heavy machine-guns, mortars and light artillery.

Siege thought unlikely

The Fateh fighters here do not talk of capitulation and think a siege is unlikely. Arnoun, the village at the

foot of the castle, was turned into a heap of blackened masonry and rubble by Israeli artillery, and bombing runs as Israel's ground forces pushed up to the Litani River.

The shops that used to supply the castle no longer exist; the farmers have joined the vast exodus of civilians from the south. But supplies are still being brought from Nabatiyeh, seven kilometres to the west.

Though many of the original vaults and underground passages are no longer usable, the latest defenders of the strategic fortress appear to have no shortage of storage space for ammunition and supplies.

"Don't be too curious, this is not for public view," a Fateh man told the rare civilian visitor who attempted to peer into the darkness of one of the vaults here. There were green

boxes of machinegun ammunition in a passageway nearby.

The latest chapter in the story of the castle opened in November 1976, when Israeli-backed rightists and their Palestinian and Lebanese leftist foes took the civil war to the south after it ended elsewhere with the entry of a Syrian-dominated Arab League peace force.

Since then, gunners and mortar-men here have exchanged thousands of rounds with rightwing forces in Kleya and nearby Marjayoun. Israel's invasion added aerial bombardments.

The unilateral ceasefire declared by Israel earlier this week brought relative calm to Beaufort, but will it last?

"Who knows," said an officer, "we will remain here. We shoot back if we are shot at. We watch and wait."

GORED BRIDGE

BY CHARLES H. GOREN AND OMAR SHARIF
© 1978 by Chicago Tribune

Q.1—Both vulnerable, as South you hold:
+AQJ95 +AKQ873 ♠93
The bidding has proceeded:
South West North East
1 ♠ 2 ♠ 2NT Pass
3 ♠ Pass 3NT Pass
? What action do you take?

Q.2—Neither vulnerable, as South you hold:
+AKQ72 ♠85 ♠A8 ♠Q1073
The bidding has proceeded:
South West North East
1 ♠ Dble. Rdble. 2 ♠
? What action do you take?

Q.3—Both vulnerable, as South you hold:
+6 ♠A108 ♠AQ762 ♠KQ83
The bidding has proceeded:
South West North East
1 ♠ 1 ♠ 2 ♠ Pass
? What do you bid now?

Q.4—Neither vulnerable, as South you hold:
+7 ♠A109652 ♠84 ♠KJ52
The bidding has proceeded:
North East South West
1 ♠ Pass 1 ♠ Pass
1 ♠ Pass 2 ♠ Pass
2 ♠ Pass ? What do you bid now?

Q.5—As South, vulnerable, you hold:
+A6 ♠9852 ♠QJ1072 ♠K6
The bidding has proceeded:
North East South West
1 ♠ Pass 1 ♠ 1 ♠
3 ♠ Pass ? What do you bid now?

Q.6—Both vulnerable, as South you hold:
+J74 ♠Q1072 ♠AK865
The bidding has proceeded:
South West North East
Pass Pass 1 ♠ Pass
? What do you bid now?

Q.7—Neither vulnerable, as South you hold:
+K7 ♠Q5 ♠A10832 ♠Q954
The bidding has proceeded:
North East South West
1 ♠ Pass 1 ♠ 2 ♠
2 ♠ Pass ? What do you bid now?

Q.8—As South, vulnerable, you hold:
+J1073 ♠83 ♠Q65 ♠K984
The bidding has proceeded:
South West North East
Pass Pass 1 ♠ 1NT
Pass Pass Dble. Pass
? What action do you take?

JUMBLE THAT SCRAMBLED WORD GAME

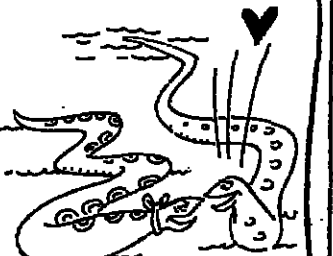
Unscramble these four Jumbles, one letter to each square, to form four ordinary words.

MOURF

PHOCE

LEMDEY

BONGLE



Now arrange the circled letters to form the surprise answer, as suggested by the above cartoon.

Print answer here: I "O O O O O O O O" YOU

Answers Tuesday

Yesterday's Jumbles: ALIAS PRUNE HINDER CASKET
Answer: Even the most truthful witness will lie under these circumstances -- IN HIS SLEEP

CROSSWORD PUZZLE

ACROSS

1. Hair
7. Victoria
12. Mangle
13. Nunsquill
14. Loyal supporter
15. Exclude
16. Siamese coin
17. Arias
19. Formerly called
20. Pinafore
22. Dawson
24. Light tan color
26. Tart
27. Additional

DOWN

29. Sobriquets
33. Spendthrift
37. Hamlet was one
38. Faculty
39. Anthropologist
41. Fatigue
42. Adult insect
44. Present day topic
46. Goose
47. Pollen-bearing organ
48. Three-spots
49. Artist stands
50. Anal

1. Hair
7. Victoria
12. Mangle
13. Nunsquill
14. Loyal supporter
15. Exclude
16. Siamese coin
17. Arias
19. Formerly called
20. Pinafore
22. Dawson
24. Light tan color
26. Tart
27. Additional

1. Picaroon
2. Amatory
3. Plunderer
4. Anal
5. Agrees
6. Misapprehension
7. Vermifuge substance in fern
8. Ending for stock or block
9. Climbing vine
10. Sweetheart
11. Courser
12. Edge
13. Smallest of a litter
14. Chief
15. Homilies
16. Small
17. French machine
18. Cosmetic
19. Enclosed chairs
20. Blouse
21. Coat of mail
22. Stereotyped
23. Backslide
24. Information
25. Light-hearted
26. Nose comb

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Monday MARCH 27th
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